



Chinese Fringeflower

Loropetalum chinense

Height: 6 feet

Spread: 6 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 6

Other Names: Chinese Fringe Flower, Chinese Witch Hazel



Chinese Fringeflower flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Description:

A delightful spring-blooming shrub with white to pale yellow strap-like flowers literally smothering the plant, fine green foliage adds a nice texture the rest of the season; an easy to grow and well-behaved shrub for general garden use

Ornamental Features

Chinese Fringeflower is draped in stunning fragrant white strap-like flowers with buttery yellow overtones along the branches in early spring. It has dark green evergreen foliage which emerges light green in spring. The oval leaves remain dark green throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Chinese Fringeflower is a multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub, and should only be pruned after flowering to avoid removing any of the current season's flowers. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Chinese Fringeflower is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Chinese Fringeflower will grow to be about 6 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 6 feet. It has a low canopy, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more.



This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is particular about its soil conditions, with a strong preference for rich, acidic soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This species is not originally from North America.